EXAMPLE 5.7



EXAMPLE 5.8 Chromatic Alterations



In the key of C major we would write the figured bass for a root-position F-minor triad and an E-minor triad as in Example 5.8 C and D. Since these are root-position triads, the figured bass $\frac{5}{3}$ normally would be assumed. However, because of the chromatically altered third, we must show the accidental in the figured bass. Since the third is one of the assumed intervals, we simply abbreviate this figure with the accidental alone (although it is not uncommon to see the redundant "#3" or "3#"). Additional symbols include the plus sign (+) and the slash through a number (/), which raise the pitch to which the number refers one half step (Example 5.8E).

Following is a summary of the most common figured bass symbols for triads, followed by their shorthand abbreviations. Note that there is some redundancy, given that many of these notations are alternate ways to indicate the same thing.